



Who would make medical decisions for you if you were unable to make them for yourself?

WHAT IS A HEALTH CARE DIRECTIVE?

A health care directive is a written document that informs others of your wishes about your health care. It allows you to name a person ("agent") to be your voice if you are unable to make decisions for yourself. You must be at least 18 years old to make a health care directive.

DID YOU KNOW...ASPIRUS OFFERS FREE ASSISTANCE:

• By Phone: 715.843.1340

• In Person: Call 715.847.2380 or 1.800.847.4707 to schedule an appointment

Once your Advance Care Plan is completed:

GIVE:

- Copies to your Health Care Agents (those you named on your form).
- Copies to those you see for your health care needs including clinics and hospitals.

TALK OFTEN:

- To those you named as health care agents.
- To those you see for your health care needs.
- To others that are close to you.

KEEP: Your original in a place that is easily accessible and easy to find.

REVIEW:

- Every decade or sooner.
- If there is a decline in your health or your agents' health.
- If there is a death (Does that impact what is on your document?).
- If you receive a new diagnosis or an illness has progressed.
- If you get divorced or a domestic partnership ends and they are named as healthcare agents. Would you want them to still serve as your healthcare agent?



Advance Directive including Power of Attorney for Health Care

Overview

This legal document meets the requirements for Wisconsin, Minnesota and Iowa.* It lets you

- Name another person to make your health care decisions if you cannot make them for yourself.
- Write down your goals and preferences for future medical care in specific situations.

The person you name is called your health care agent. You can also name alternate health care agents who can make decisions if the person you named first or second cannot or is not willing to make those decisions. This document gives your agent authority to make health care decisions on your behalf only after doctors and/or health care professionals authorized under current state law have determined you are incapable of making health care decisions for yourself.

This document **does not** give your agent authority to:

- Make financial or other business decisions.
- Make certain decisions about your mental health treatment.

Read this advance directive carefully before you complete and sign it. You should discuss your goals, values, and this advance directive with your health care agent(s). Unless you talk with your health care agent(s), they may not know your goals and be able to follow your instructions.

Recommendation: make an appointment with an advance care planning facilitator for help. If this advance directive does not meet your needs, ask your health organization or attorney about other options.

• Cut out the card below, fill it in, fold it and put it in your wallet.

I HAVE AN ADVANCE DIRECTIVE	My advance directive is filed at this health care facility
Name Date of birth	City/State
	My health care agent is Name
Advance Care Planning & Advance Directive by the Wisconsin Medical Society	Phone

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Advance Directive including Power of Attorney for Health Care

For:		
Name	Date of Birth	
Telephone (Cell)	(Work)	
(Home)		
Address		
City	State/ZIP	
I intend to give copies of this docu	ment to:	
Name		
Health care professional/health ca	are facility:	
Name		
Name		
Name		

10/25



Notice to Person Making this Document

You have the right to make decisions about your health care. No health care may be given to you over your objection, and necessary health care may not be stopped or withheld if you object.

Because your health care providers in some cases may not have had the opportunity to establish a long-term relationship with you, they are often unfamiliar with your beliefs and values and the details of your family relationships. This poses a problem if you become physically or mentally unable to make decisions about your health care.

In order to avoid this problem, you may sign this legal document to specify the person whom you want to make health care decisions for you if you are unable to make those decisions personally. That person is known as your health care agent. You should take some time to discuss your thoughts and beliefs about medical treatment with the person or persons whom you have specified. You may state in this document any types of health care that you do or do not desire, and you may limit the authority of your health care agent. If your health care agent is unaware of your desires with respect to a particular health care decision, he or she is required to determine what would be in your best interests in making the decision.

This is an important legal document. It gives your agent broad powers to make health care decisions for you. It revokes any prior power of attorney for health care that you may have made. If you wish to change your power of attorney for health care, you may revoke this document at any time by destroying it, by directing another person to destroy it in your presence, by signing a written and dated statement or by stating that it is revoked in the presence of two witnesses. If you revoke, you should notify your agent, your health care providers, and any other person to whom you have given a copy. If your agent is your spouse or domestic partner and your marriage is annulled or you are divorced or the domestic partnership is terminated after signing this document, the document is invalid.

You may also use this document to make or refuse to make an anatomical gift upon your death. If you use this document to make or refuse to make an anatomical gift, this document revokes any prior record of gift that you may have made. You may revoke or change any anatomical gift that you make by this document by crossing out the anatomical gifts provision in this document.

Do not sign this document unless you clearly understand it. It is suggested that you keep the original of this document on file with your doctor.

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guide my health care.



Part 1: My health care agent

If you can no longer make your own health care decisions, this advance directive names the person you authorize to make these choices for you. This person will be your health care agent. Unless otherwise specified, your health care agent will make your health care choices for you only after an attending physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant authorized under current state law has determined you are incapable of making health care decisions. Your agent will make decisions about your medical care as you would if you were able. You and your health care agent(s) should have ongoing talks about your health and health care choices.

Choose someone who knows you well. It should be someone you trust and who respects your goals and values. This person should be able to make difficult decisions under stress. Often family members are good choices, but not always. Choose someone who will closely follow what you want and will be a good advocate for you. Discuss this document and your views with the person(s) you choose to be your health care agent(s).

A health care agent must be at least 18 years old. Your health care agent may not be one of your health care providers or an employee of your health care provider, unless he or she is a relative or you have explained why they are your agent.

Name	Relationship	
Telephone (Cell)	(Work)	(Home)
Address		
City	St	ate/ZIP
If that person is unable or un Second choice:	nwilling to make decisions for me,	then my next choice is:
Name	Relations	ship
Telephone (Cell)	(Work)	(Home)
Address		
		ate/ZIP
If that person is unable or unable the choice:	nwilling to make decisions for me,	then my next choice is:
Name	Relations	ship
Telephone (Cell)	(Work)	(Home)
Address		
		ate/ZIP



Part 2: General authority of the health care agent

To complete this part:

Draw a line through anything in the box below you do **not** want your health care agent to do. For example, it should look like this: Decide on

I want my health care agent to be able to:

- Decide on tests, medicine, surgery and other medical care. If treatment has started, my agent can keep it going or stop it, based on my instructions or my best interests.
- Interpret my instructions based on what he or she knows of my preferences and values.
- Review and release my medical records and personal files as needed for my medical care.
- Arrange for my medical care and treatment in Minnesota or any other state.
- Decide whether organs or tissues (anatomical gifts) can be donated after my death according to my preferences and values.
- To decide what will happen with my body when I die (burial, cremation).
- Remain my health care agent even after a divorce, termination, or annulment of marriage or domestic partnership occurs.

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To complete the next three questions:

Initial or check the box beside the one statement in each section you agree with.

1. Agent authority to make the decision to admit me to a nursing home or community-based residential facility for long-term care.

Note: Your health care agent has the authority to admit you to a nursing home or care facility (community-based residential facility) for a **short-term** stay. For example, you might need care to recover after surgery and you expect to go home.

If I need	long-term care for any reason, then:
	Yes, my agent can make the decision to admit me to a nursing home or community-based residential facility for a long-term stay.
	No, my agent cannot make the decision to admit me to a nursing home or community-based residential facility for a long-term stay.
_	nt authority to make the decision to refuse or have removed a feeding tube /or IV fluids.
	Yes, my agent can make the decision to refuse or stop tube feedings and/or IV fluids.
	No, my agent cannot make the decision to refuse or stop tube feedings and/or IV fluids.
3. Age	ent authority to make health care decisions during pregnancy.
	Yes, my agent can make health care decisions for me if I am pregnant.
	No, my agent cannot make health care decisions if I am pregnant
	This does not apply to me.

documents you need.



Part 3: Statement of desires, care instructions or limits

Part 3 allows you to make your preferences clear. Your health care agent and your doctors will refer to this section as they care for you. If you did not name a health care agent or if your health care agent cannot be reached, you can direct your care with the choices you make below. You should talk with your health care agent about the kind of care you want, even if you don't make choices in this section.

about the kind of care you want, even if you don't make enoices in this section.		
You are not required to complete this part of the document.		
To complete this part:		
Initial or check the box beside the one statement you agree with. You may add other specific care instructions on page 7.		
1. Treatments that may prolong life if I am in this situation.		
If I am sick or injured and my doctors believe there is little chance I will recover the ability to know who I am, who my family and friends are, or where I am, this is my choice:		
I want to refuse or stop all treatments. Some examples are a machine that breathes for me (respirator/ventilator), feeding tubes, blood products, antibiotics, or fluids given to me through an IV treatments for chronic medical conditions, or other medications.		
I want to receive all treatments to keep me alive, unless my doctor determines the treatments would harm me more than help me.		
With either choice, I understand I will be kept clean and comfortable. I will continue to receive pain and comfort medicines, and food and fluids by mouth if I can swallow safely.		
2. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR).		
Based on my current health, this is my choice about CPR if my heart or breathing stops.		
I want CPR attempted <i>unless</i> my doctor determines:		
 I have a medical condition and no reasonable chance of survival with CPR, OR CPR would harm me more than help me. 		
I do not want CPR. Let me die a natural death.		
If you do not want emergency personnel to give you CPR, you will need to talk to your doctor about other		

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Specific care instructions to meet my goals and preferences in certain situations:	
Comfort preferences: These things are important to me for comfort (for example, favorite music, warm	
blankets, best positioning in bed).	
Including others when making decisions about my care: (If there is time, try to include these	
people in my care decisions.)	
If I am near death and cannot communicate, I want to give my friends and family these	
personal messages:	

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If I am near death, things I would want: (For example, favorite music, rituals, dim lighting, a visit from the hospital chaplain or someone from my faith community.)
To complete this part:
Initial or check the box beside the statement you agree with.
After my death, these are some of my preferences:
Donation of my organs or tissue (anatomical gifts)
Examples of organs are kidney, liver, heart, and lungs. Examples of tissue are eyes, skin, bones, and heart valves.
A. I do not wish to donate any part of my body.
B. After I die, I wish to donate any parts of my body that may help others.
C. After I die, I wish to donate only these organs and tissue:

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Part 4: Making the document legal

In Minnesota This document must be signed and dated either in the presence of two witnesses who meet the qualifications explained below **OR** in the presence of a notary public.

My signature and date				
I am of sound mind. I agree with everything written in this document.				
I have completed this document of my free will.	ALL 3 DATES MUST MATCH			
My signature	Date			
If I cannot sign my name, I ask (print name)	to sign for me			
Signature of the person I asked to sign for me				
 Statement of witnesses A. By signing this document as a witness, I certify I am: At least 18 years old. Not a health care agent appointed by the person signing. Only one witness can be a direct healthcare provider one. Only one witness can be family if they are not listed as B. I know this to be the person identified in the document. I be least 18 years old. I personally witnessed this person sign to so voluntarily. 	r employee of a healthcare provider. health care agent. pelieve this person to be of sound mind and at			
Witness Number One:	ALL 3 DATES MUST MATCH			
Signature	Date			
Print name				
Address				
CitySt				
Witness Number Two:	ALL 3 DATES MUST MATCH			
Signature	Date			
Print name				
Address				
CitySt	tate/ZIP			



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Instructions for notarization Minnesota

Residents of Minnesota may have the document signed and stamped by a notary public authorized in their state instead of two witnesses. Notary can't be named as a health care agent, however, can be an employee of health care provider.

or nouter ouro providor		
Notary Public:		
In the state of Minnesota, County of	·	(*)
In my presence on(date),		(name)
acknowledged his or her signature on this document or auth sign on his or her behalf. I am not named as a health care ag document.	orized the person signing this document	to
document.		
Signature of notary	Notary stamp (required):	
Title (and rank)	- :	
My commission expires (date):		



DONATING YOUR BODY TO MEDICAL SCIENCE:

If you wish to donate your body after death to medical science, you should contact the closest medical school in your state and make arrangements through that medical school. Two in Minnesota include:

Mayo Clinic Minnesota: 507.284.2693

University of Minnesota-Medical School: 612.625.111

DEFINITION OF TERMS:

Advance Care Planning:

- Planning ahead for future health care decisions.
- If a sudden, unexpected event occurs (like a car accident or sudden illness).
- You are suddenly unable to communicate and make your own health care decisions.
- Others would need to make decisions for you.

Advance Directive:

 A document in which a person states goals, values and beliefs about health care treatment decisions, including who should make those decisions, in the event that person can no longer make decisions for him/herself.

Health Care Agent:

 The person chosen by the patient to make health care decisions in the event the patient cannot make decisions for him/herself. A health care agent is named in the Power of Attorney for Health Care.
 Other equivalent terms include health care proxy, substitute decision maker, or surrogate decision maker, but health care agent is preferred.

Living Will:

• Written instructions that tell physicians and family members what life-sustaining treatment a person does, or does not want, if one becomes unable to make decisions at some point in the future.

Legal Guardian:

• A person appointed by a judge to make personal decisions for another person (called a ward) including consent to, or refusal of medical treatment.

Incapacity:

• The inability to receive and evaluate information effectively, or to communicate decisions to such an extent that the individual lacks the capacity to manage his or her health care decisions.



Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR):

• Life-saving procedures that include compression over the breast bone to maintain blood flow, electric shock to restart the heart, placing a breathing tube in the windpipe so oxygen can be sent to the lungs. It also involves medicines to restore blood pressure.

Do Not Resuscitate:

Physician orders written so that CPR will not be used if a person's heart or breathing stops. DNR does
not mean "no care." Emergency personnel will make every effort to provide comfort measures, which
may include: oxygen, pain medication, clearing the airway and providing emotional support to the
patient and family.

Feeding Tube:

• A tube through which fluids or nutrition is administered through the vein, stomach, nose or mouth.

Respirator / Ventilator:

• A medical machine used to assist with breathing when a person cannot breathe independently.

Antibiotics:

• Medications used to treat infections.

Autopsy:

• A medical examination done after death in order to confirm or determine the cause of death.